3

4 5

6

7

8

9 10

11

12

13

14 15

16

17

18 19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30 31

32

34

37

38 39

40

41

42

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

#### HOUSE BILL NO. 538

### BY HEALTH AND WELFARE COMMITTEE

AN ACT RELATING TO TOBACCO PRODUCTS AND ELECTRONIC SMOKING DEVICES; AMENDING SEC-TION 39-5701, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND INTENT; AMENDING SECTION 39-5702, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE DEFINITIONS AND TO RE-MOVE A DEFINITION; AMENDING SECTION 39-5703, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE TER-MINOLOGY AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 39-5704, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE TERMINOLOGY AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 39-5705, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE TERMINOLOGY AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 39-5706, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE TERMINOLOGY, TO PROHIBIT CERTAIN SALES OR DISTRIBUTION ON AND AFTER A CERTAIN DATE, AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SEC-TION 39-5707, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE TERMINOLOGY AND TO MAKE A TECHNICAL CORRECTION; AMENDING SECTION 39-5708, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE TERMI-NOLOGY AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 39-5709, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE TERMINOLOGY AND TO MAKE A TECHNICAL CORRECTION; AMENDING SECTION 39-5710, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE TERMINOLOGY AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 39-5711, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE TERMINOLOGY AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SEC-TION 39-5714, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE TERMINOLOGY AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 39-5715, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE TERMI-NOLOGY, TO PROVIDE FOR CERTAIN VERIFICATION TECHNOLOGY, AND TO MAKE A TECHNICAL CORRECTION; AMENDING SECTION 39-5717, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE TERMINOLOGY, TO PROVIDE A CORRECT CODE REFERENCE, AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; REPEALING SECTION 39-5717A, IDAHO CODE, RELATING TO SHIP-PING REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTRONIC CIGARETTES; AMENDING SECTION 39-5718, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE TERMINOLOGY AND TO MAKE A TECHNICAL CORRECTION; AMENDING THE HEADING FOR CHAPTER 57, TITLE 39, IDAHO CODE; AMENDING SECTION 39-8421, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE DEFINITIONS; AMENDING SECTION 39-8423, IDAHO CODE, TO REMOVE A REFERENCE TO A CERTAIN ACT AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 39-8424, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE TERMINOLOGY, TO PROVIDE A CORRECT CODE REFERENCE, AND TO MAKE A TECH-NICAL CORRECTION; AND AMENDING SECTION 56-227F, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE TERMINOLOGY AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

35 SECTION 1. That Section 39-5701, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby 36 amended to read as follows:

39-5701. LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND INTENT. The prevention of youth access to tobacco products and electronic smoking devices within the state of Idaho is hereby declared to be a state goal to promote the general health and welfare of Idaho's young people. Twenty-seven percent (27%) of Idaho's youth currently smoke and almost twenty-seven percent (27%) of boys in Idaho use chewing tobacco which is significantly higher than the national average.

Tobacco is the number one killer in Idaho causing more deaths by far than alcohol, illegal drugs, car crashes, homicides, suicides, fires and AIDS combined. According to the center for disease control and prevention (CDC), twenty-four thousand three hundred ninety-four (24,394) children in Idaho currently under eighteen (18) years of age will die prematurely from tobacco-related disease. Tobacco costs the state over two hundred forty million dollars (\$240,000,000) each year and is the single most preventable cause of death and disability in Idaho.

Furthermore, tobacco is usually the first drug used by young people who go on to use alcohol and other illegal drugs. A study from the CDC shows that teens who smoke are three (3) times more likely than nonsmokers to use alcohol, eight (8) times more likely to use marijuana, and twenty-two (22) times more likely to use cocaine.

Most minors buy their own tobacco products or steal from self-service displays. Additionally, vending machines also create easy access for minors and a report from the CDC shows that even when vending machines are restricted to "adult areas" such as bars, children still succeed in purchasing cigarettes from vending machines.

Tobacco use is the leading cause of preventable death in Idaho, and nicotine is a highly addictive, potentially harmful substance. Both present an urgent public health challenge. New and emerging tobacco products and electronic nicotine delivery devices like electronic cigarettes are linked to an increase in youth use of tobacco and nicotine products, are connected to the use of traditional tobacco products like cigarettes, and are associated with increased addiction in youth users. Therefore, it is this state's policy to prevent the illegal sale, theft, and easy access of tobacco products and electronic smoking devices to minors, and to prohibit the possession, distribution, and use of tobacco products and electronic smoking devices by minors, and to punish those who disregard this law otherwise discourage and prevent the possession, use, and trafficking in tobacco products and electronic smoking devices by minors.

SECTION 2. That Section 39-5702, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

39-5702. DEFINITIONS. The terms used in this chapter are defined as follows:

- (1) "Business" means any company, partnership, firm, sole proprietorship, association, corporation, organization, or other legal entity, or a representative of the foregoing entities.
- (2) "Delivery sale" means to distribute tobacco products or electronic cigarettes smoking devices to a consumer in a state where either:
  - (a)  $\pm \underline{T}$ he individual submits the order for such sale by means of a telephonic or other method of voice transmission, data transfer via computer networks, including the internet and other online services, or facsimile, or the mails; or
  - (b)  $\pm \underline{T}$ he tobacco products or electronic <u>cigarettes</u> <u>smoking devices</u> are delivered by use of the mails or a delivery service.
- (3) "Delivery service" means any person who is engaged in the commercial delivery of letters, packages or other containers.

- (4) "Department" means the state department of health and welfare or its duly authorized representative.
- (5) "Distribute" means to give, deliver, sell, offer to give, offer to deliver, offer to sell or cause any person to do the same or hire any person to do the same.
- (6) "Electronic cigarette" means any device that can provide an inhaled dose of nicotine by delivering a vaporized solution. "Electronic cigarette" includes the components of an electronic cigarette including, but not limited to, liquid nicotine.
  - (7) "Minor" means a person under eighteen (18) years of age.

- ( $\frac{87}{2}$ ) "Minor exempt permit" means a permittee location whose revenues from the sale of alcoholic beverages for on-site consumption comprises at least fifty-five percent (55%) of total revenues, or whose products and services are primarily obscene, pornographic, profane, or sexually oriented, is exempt from inspections assisted by a minor, if minors are not allowed in the location and such prohibition is posted clearly on all entrance doors.
- (98) "Permit" means a permit issued by the department for the sale or distribution of tobacco products or electronic smoking devices.
- (109) "Permittee" means the holder of a valid permit for the sale or distribution of tobacco products or electronic smoking devices.
- $(1\pm0)$  "Photographic identification" means state, district, territorial, possession, provincial, national or other equivalent government driver's license, identification card or military card, in all cases bearing a photograph and a date of birth, or a valid passport.
- $(12\underline{1})$  "Random unannounced inspection" means an inspection of retail outlets by a law enforcement agency or by the department, with or without the assistance of a minor, to monitor compliance of this chapter.
- (132) "Seller" means the person who physically sells or distributes tobacco products or electronic <del>cigarettes</del> smoking devices.
  - (143) (a) "Tobacco product or electronic smoking device" means:
    - (i) Aany substance that contains containing, made of, or derived from tobacco or nicotine that is intended for human consumption or is likely to be consumed, whether inhaled, absorbed, or ingested by any other means, including, but not limited to, cigarettes, cigars, pipes, snuff, smoking or chewing tobacco, snus, tobacco papers, or smokeless tobacco;
    - (ii) Any electronic smoking device that may be used to deliver an aerosolized or a vaporized substance to the person inhaling from the device, including but not limited to an electronic cigarette, an electronic cigar, an electronic pipe, a vape pen, or an electronic hookah, or any component, part, or accessory of such a device, or any substance intended to be aerosolized or vaporized during use of the device, whether or not the substance contains nicotine, or any heated or lighted device intended to be used for inhalation; or
    - (iii) Any components, parts, or accessories of a tobacco product or an electronic smoking device, whether or not they contain tobacco or nicotine, including but not limited to filters, rolling papers, blunt or hemp wraps, and pipes, whether manufactured, distributed, marketed, or sold as an electronic cigarette, elec-

tronic cigar, electronic hookah, or vape pen, or under any other product name or descriptor.

- (b) The term "tobacco product or electronic smoking device" does not include drugs, devices, or combinations of products authorized for sale by the United States food and drug administration as those terms are defined in the federal food, drug, and cosmetic act.
- (154) "Vending machine" means any mechanical, electronic, or other similar device which, upon the insertion of tokens, money or any other form of payment, dispenses tobacco products or electronic eigarettes smoking devices.
- (165) "Vendor-assisted sales" means any sale or distribution in which the customer has no access to the product except through the assistance of the seller.
- $(17\underline{6})$  "Without a permit" means a business that has failed to obtain a permit or a business whose permit is suspended or revoked.
- SECTION 3. That Section 39-5703, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 39-5703. POSSESSION, DISTRIBUTION, OR USE BY A MINOR. (1) It shall be unlawful for a minor to possess, receive, purchase, use, or consume tobacco products or electronic <u>eigarettes</u> <u>smoking devices</u> or to attempt any of the foregoing.
- (2) It shall be unlawful for a minor to sell or distribute tobacco products or electronic <u>cigarettes</u> <u>smoking devices</u> or to attempt either of the foregoing.
- (3) It shall be unlawful for a minor to provide false identification, or make any false statement regarding their age in an attempt to obtain tobacco products or electronic eigarettes smoking devices.
- (4) A minor who is assisting with a random unannounced inspection in accordance with this chapter shall not be in violation of this chapter.
- (5) A minor may possess but not sell or distribute tobacco products or electronic <u>cigarettes</u> <u>smoking devices</u> in the course of employment, for duties such as stocking shelves or carrying purchases to customers' vehicles.
- (6) Penalties for violations by a minor. A violation of subsection (1) of this section by a minor shall constitute an infraction and shall be punishable by a fine of seventeen dollars and fifty cents (\$17.50). The first violation of subsection (2) or (3) of this section by a minor shall constitute an infraction and shall be punishable by a fine of two hundred dollars (\$200). A subsequent violation of subsection (2) or (3) of this section by a minor shall constitute a misdemeanor and shall be punishable by imprisonment in an appropriate facility not exceeding thirty (30) days, a fine not exceeding three hundred dollars (\$300), or both such fine and imprisonment. The court may, in addition to the penalties provided herein in this section, require the minor and the minor's parents or legal guardian to attend tobacco product or electronic smoking device awareness programs or to perform community service in programs related to tobacco product or electronic smoking device awareness.

SECTION 4. That Section 39-5704, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 39-5704. PERMITTING OF TOBACCO PRODUCTS OR ELECTRONIC SMOKING DEVICES RETAILERS. (1) It shall be unlawful to sell or distribute or offer tobacco products or electronic smoking devices for sale or distribution at retail or to possess tobacco products or electronic smoking devices with the intention of selling at retail without having first obtained a tobacco product or electronic smoking device permit from the department, which shall be the only retail tobacco product or electronic smoking device permit or license required. Provided however, this section shall not be deemed to require a wholesaler or manufacturer's representative or their employees who, in the course of their employment, stock shelves and replenish tobacco products or electronic smoking devices at a permittee's place of business to obtain a permit.
- (2) The department shall administer the permitting of tobacco product or electronic smoking device retailers and shall be authorized to ensure compliance with this chapter. The department may promulgate rules in compliance with chapter 52, title 67, Idaho Code, regarding permitting of tobacco product or electronic smoking device retailers, inspections, and compliance checks, effective training, and employment practices under this chapter.
- (3) Permits shall be issued annually for no charge for each business location to ensure compliance with the requirements of this chapter. A copy of this chapter, rules adopted by the department, appropriate signage required by this chapter, and any materials deemed necessary shall be provided with each permit issued.
- (4) A separate permit must be obtained for each place of business and is nontransferable to another person, business, or location.
  - (5) Permittees may display the permit in a prominent location.
- (6) A permittee may display a sign in each location within a place of business where tobacco products or electronic smoking devices are sold or distributed. A sign may be clearly visible to the customer and the seller and shall state: "STATE LAW PROHIBITS THE SALE OF TOBACCO PRODUCTS OR ELECTRONIC SMOKING DEVICES TO PERSONS UNDER THE AGE OF EIGHTEEN (18) YEARS. PROOF OF AGE REQUIRED. ANYONE WHO SELLS OR DISTRIBUTES TOBACCO PRODUCTS OR ELECTRONIC SMOKING DEVICES TO A MINOR IS SUBJECT TO STRICT FINES AND PENALTIES. MINORS ARE SUBJECT TO FINES AND PENALTIES."
- (7) Permittees are responsible to educate employees as to the requirements of this chapter.
- (8) It shall be unlawful for the permittee to allow employees who are minors to sell or distribute tobacco products or electronic smoking devices. Exception: Employees who are minors may possess but not sell or distribute tobacco products or electronic smoking devices in the course of employment, for such duties as stocking shelves or carrying purchases to customers' vehicles.
- SECTION 5. That Section 39-5705, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 39-5705. SALE OR DISTRIBUTION OF TOBACCO PRODUCTS AND OR ELECTRONIC CIGARETTES SMOKING DEVICES TO A MINOR. (1) It shall be unlawful to sell, distribute, or offer tobacco products or electronic cigarettes smoking devices to a minor.

(2) It shall be an affirmative defense that the seller of a tobacco product or an electronic <u>cigarette smoking device</u> to a minor in violation of this section had requested, examined, and reasonably relied upon a photographic identification from such person establishing that <u>the person's age as is</u> at least eighteen (18) years of age prior to selling such person a tobacco product or an electronic <u>cigarette smoking device</u>. The failure of a seller to request and examine photographic identification from a person under eighteen (18) years of age prior to the sale of a tobacco product or an electronic <u>cigarette</u> <u>smoking device</u> to such person shall be construed against the seller and form a conclusive basis for the seller's violation of this section.

- SECTION 6. That Section 39-5706, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 39-5706. VENDOR\_ASSISTED SALES. (1) It shall be unlawful to sell or distribute tobacco products or electronic <u>eigarettes smoking devices</u> by any means other than vendor\_assisted sales where the customer has no access to the product except through the assistance of the seller.
- (2) On and after January 1,  $20\underline{\theta}\underline{2}0$ , it shall be unlawful to sell or distribute tobacco products or electronic smoking devices from a vending machines or self-service displays.
- (3) On and after January 1, 2013, it shall be unlawful to sell or distribute electronic cigarettes from a vending machine.
- (4) It shall be unlawful to sell or distribute tobacco products or electronic cigarettes from self-service displays.
- (53) Stores with tobacco products or electronic smoking devices comprising at least seventy-five percent (75%) of total merchandise are exempt from requiring vendor—assisted sales, if minors are not allowed in the store and such prohibition is posted clearly on all entrance doors.
- SECTION 7. That Section 39-5707, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 39-5707. OPENED PACKAGES AND SAMPLES. (1) It shall be unlawful to sell or distribute tobacco products or electronic smoking devices for commercial purposes other than in the federally required sealed package provided by the manufacturer with all the required warning labels and health warnings.
- (2) It shall be unlawful to sell or distribute tobacco products  $\underline{\text{or elec-}}$   $\underline{\text{tronic smoking devices}}$  for free or below the cost of such products to the sellers or distributors of the products for commercial or promotional purposes, to members of the general public in public places or at public events.
- SECTION 8. That Section 39-5708, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 39-5708. CIVIL PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS OF PERMIT  $\frac{}{}$  CIVIL PENALTY FOR VIOLATIONS RELATING TO ELECTRONIC CIGARETTES. (1) Any permittee who fails to comply with any part of this chapter, or any current state or local law or rule or regulation regarding the sale or distribution of tobacco products or electronic smoking devices shall be subject to a civil penalty as provided in

this section or have their permit suspended, pursuant to compliance with the contested case provisions of the Idaho administrative procedure act, chapter 52, title 67, Idaho Code, or both.

- (2) If a seller who is not a permittee violates section 39-5705, Idaho Code, and sells or distributes tobacco products or electronic eigarettes smoking devices to a minor, then the seller shall be fined one hundred dollars (\$100).
- (3) In the case of a first violation, the permittee shall be notified in writing of penalties to be levied for further violations.
- (4) In the case of a second violation, the permittee shall be fined two hundred dollars (\$200) and shall be notified in writing of penalties to be levied for further violations. For a violation of section 39-5705, Idaho Code, the permittee shall not be fined if the permittee can show that a training program was in place for the employee and that the permittee has a form signed by that employee on file stating that they the employee understands the tobacco product or electronic smoking device laws dealing with minors and the unlawful purchase of tobacco products or electronic smoking devices, but the permittee shall be notified in writing of penalties to be levied for any further violations. If no such training is in place, the permittee shall be fined two hundred dollars (\$200).
- (5) In the case of a third violation in a two (2) year period, the permittee shall be fined two hundred dollars (\$200) and the permit may be suspended for up to seven (7) days. If the violation is by an employee, at the same location, who was involved in any previous citation for violation, the permittee shall be fined four hundred dollars (\$400). Effective training and employment practices by the permittee, as determined by the department, shall be a mitigating factor in determining permit suspension. Tobacco product or electronic smoking device retailers must remove all tobacco products or electronic smoking devices from all areas accessible to or visible to the public while the permit is suspended.
- (6) In the case of four (4) or more violations within a two (2) year period, the permittee shall be fined four hundred dollars (\$400) and the permit shall be revoked until such time that the permittee demonstrates an effective training plan to the department, but in no case shall the revocation be for less than thirty (30) days. Tobacco product or electronic smoking device retailers must remove all tobacco products or electronic smoking devices from all areas accessible to or visible to the public while the permit is revoked.
- (7) All moneys collected for violations pursuant to this section shall be remitted to the prevention of minors' access to tobacco <u>products or electronic smoking devices fund created in section 39-5711</u>, Idaho Code.
- SECTION 9. That Section 39-5709, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 39-5709. CRIMINAL PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS WITHOUT A PERMIT. Sale or distribution of tobacco products or electronic smoking devices, or any violation of this chapter, without a permit is considered by the state of Idaho as an effort to subvert the state's public purpose to prevent minor's access to tobacco products or electronic smoking devices.

(1) The sale or distribution of tobacco products or electronic smoking devices without a permit shall constitute a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment not exceeding six (6) months in the county jail, a fine of three hundred dollars (\$300), or by both such fine and imprisonment. If the sale or distribution of tobacco products or electronic smoking devices was to a minor, the fine shall be no less than five hundred dollars (\$500) nor more than one thousand dollars (\$1,000). The provisions of this section shall not be applicable to an employee of the business engaged in the sale of tobacco products or electronic smoking devices if the sale occurred during the course of such employment and the seller does not have an ownership interest in the business.

 (2) In addition to the penalties set forth in subsection (1) of this section, the court may impose an additional fine of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per day beginning the day following the date of citation as long as the illegal tobacco products or electronic smoking devices sales or distribution continues. The first seven (7) days of additional fines may be suspended, provided that the business or seller is able to prove that the business or seller has applied for the permit within seven (7) days of the citation.

SECTION 10. That Section 39-5710, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 39-5710. CONDUCT OF ENFORCEMENT ACTIONS. (1) It is the intent of the legislature that law enforcement agencies, the attorney general, and the department shall enforce this chapter and rules promulgated pursuant thereto in a manner that can reasonably be expected to significantly reduce the extent to which tobacco products and electronic  $\frac{\text{cigarettes}}{\text{cigarettes}}$  smoking devices are sold or distributed to minors.
- (2) Law enforcement agencies may conduct random, unannounced inspections at locations where tobacco products or electronic <u>cigarettes smoking devices</u> are sold or distributed to ensure compliance with this chapter. A copy of all citations issued under this chapter shall be submitted to the department.
- (3) The department shall conduct at least one (1) random, unannounced inspection per year at all locations where tobacco products or electronic smoking devices are sold or distributed at retail to ensure compliance with this chapter. The department shall conduct inspections for minor exempt permittees without the assistance of a minor. The department shall conduct inspections for all other permittees with the assistance of a minor. Each year, the department shall conduct random unannounced inspections equal to the number of permittees multiplied by the violation percentage rate reported for the previous year multiplied by a factor of ten (10). Local law enforcement agencies are encouraged to contract with the department to perform these required inspections.
- (4) Minors may assist with random, unannounced inspections with the written consent of a parent or legal guardian. When assisting with these inspections, minors shall not provide false identification, nor make any false statement regarding their age.
- (5) Citizens may file a written complaint of noncompliance of this chapter with the department, or with a law enforcement agency. Permit hold-

ers under 26 U.S.C. section  $5712_{7}$  may file written complaints relating to delivery sales to the department or the attorney general's offices. Complaints shall be investigated and the proper enforcement actions taken.

- (6) Within a reasonable time, not later than two (2) business days after an inspection has occurred, a representative of the business inspected shall be informed in writing of the results of the inspection.
- (7) The attorney general or his designee, or any person who holds a permit under 26 U.S.C. section 5712, may bring an action in district court in Idaho to prevent or restrain violations of this chapter by any person or by any person controlling such person.
- SECTION 11. That Section 39-5711, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 39-5711. FUNDING AND CREATION OF PREVENTION OF MINORS' ACCESS TO TO-BACCO PRODUCTS OR ELECTRONIC SMOKING DEVICES FUND. There is hereby created the prevention of minors' access to tobacco products or electronic smoking devices fund in the state treasury. Moneys in the fund shall be used to fund the administration, inspections and enforcement of this chapter. Moneys in the fund may be expended only pursuant to appropriation. The fund shall consist of:
- (1) The current federal funds that are available for inspections or for the prevention of minor is access to tobacco products or electronic smoking devices shall be utilized by the department;
- (2) The fines from the civil penalties pursuant to section 39-5708, Idaho Code; and
  - (3) Moneys from any other source.

- SECTION 12. That Section 39-5714, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 39-5714. REQUIREMENTS FOR DELIVERY SALES. (1) No permittee shall make a delivery sale of tobacco products <u>or electronic smoking devices</u> to any individual who is under age eighteen (18) years in this state. No seller shall make a delivery sale of electronic cigarettes to any minor in this state.
- (2) Each permittee taking a delivery sale order shall comply with: the age verification requirements set forth in section 39-5715, Idaho Code; the disclosure and notice requirements set forth in section 39-5716, Idaho Code; the shipping requirements set forth in section 39-5717, Idaho Code; the registration and reporting requirements set forth in section 39-5718, Idaho Code; all tax collection requirements provided by title 63, Idaho Code; and all other laws of the state of Idaho generally applicable to sales of tobacco products or electronic smoking devices that occur entirely within Idaho, including, but not limited to, those laws imposing excise taxes, sales and use taxes, licensing and tax stamping requirements, and escrow or other payment obligations.
- SECTION 13. That Section 39-5715, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

39-5715. AGE VERIFICATION REQUIREMENTS. (1) No permittee shall mail or ship tobacco products or electronic smoking devices in connection with a delivery sale order unless, before mailing or shipping such tobacco products or electronic smoking devices, the permittee accepting the delivery sale order first obtains from the prospective customer a certification that includes proof of age that the purchaser is at least eighteen (18) years old, the credit or debit card used for payment has been issued in the purchaser's name, and the address to which the cigarettes tobacco products or electronic smoking devices are being shipped matches the credit card company's address for the cardholder or employs technology that requires and authenticates independent, third-party age and identity verification services, comparing data against third-party sources.

(2) No seller shall mail or ship an electronic cigarette in connection with a delivery sale order unless, before mailing or shipping such electronic cigarette, the seller accepting the delivery sale order first obtains from the prospective customer a certification that includes proof of age that the purchaser is at least eighteen (18) years old, the credit or debit card used for payment has been issued in the purchaser's name and the address to which the electronic cigarette is being shipped matches the credit or debit card company's address for the cardholder.

SECTION 14. That Section 39-5717, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

39-5717. SHIPPING REQUIREMENTS -- TOBACCO PRODUCTS OR ELECTRONIC SMOKING DEVICES. Each permittee who mails or ships tobacco products or electronic smoking devices in connection with a delivery sale order shall include as part of the shipping documents a clear and conspicuous statement providing as follows:

"TOBACCO PRODUCTS OR ELECTRONIC SMOKING DEVICES: IDAHO LAW PROHIBITS SHIPPING TO INDIVIDUALS UNDER THE AGE OF EIGHTEEN YEARS, AND REQUIRES THE PAYMENT OF TAXES PURSUANT TO CHAPTER 25, TITLE 63, IDAHO CODE. PERSONS VIOLATING THIS MAY BE CIVILLY AND CRIMINALLY LIABLE."

Anyone delivering any such container distributes tobacco products  $\underline{\text{or}}$  electronic smoking devices as defined in section 39-5702(5), Idaho Code, and is subject to the terms and requirements of this chapter. If a permittee taking a delivery sale order also delivers the tobacco products  $\underline{\text{or}}$  electronic smoking devices without using a third-party delivery service, the permittee shall comply with all the requirements of vendor-assisted sales as defined in section 39-5702(165), Idaho Code.

SECTION 15. That Section  $\underline{39-5717A}$ , Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby repealed.

SECTION 16. That Section 39-5718, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

39-5718. REGISTRATION AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS. (1) Prior to making delivery sales or shipping tobacco products or electronic smoking devices in connection with any such sales, every business shall obtain a permit from the

department and file with the state tax commission a statement setting forth the <u>seller's permittee's</u> name, trade name, and the address of the business's principal place of business and any other place of business.

- (2) Not No later than the tenth day of each calendar month, each permittee that has made a delivery sale or shipped or delivered tobacco products or electronic smoking devices in connection with any such sale during the previous calendar month shall file with the department and the state tax commission a memorandum or a copy of the invoice which that provides for each and every such delivery sale:
  - (a) The name and address of the individual to whom the delivery sale was made;
  - (b) The brand or brands of the tobacco products <u>or electronic smoking</u> devices that were sold in such delivery sale; and
  - (c) The quantity of tobacco products or electronic smoking devices that were sold in such delivery sale.
- (3) Any tobacco products or electronic smoking devices sold or attempted to be sold in a delivery sale that does not meet the requirements of this chapter shall be forfeited to the state of Idaho.

SECTION 17. That the Heading for Chapter 57, Title 39, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

#### CHAPTER 57

# PREVENTION OF MINORS' ACCESS TO TOBACCO PRODUCTS OR ELECTRONIC SMOKING DEVICES

SECTION 18. That Section 39-8421, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

39-8421. DEFINITIONS. As used in sections 39-8420 through 39-8425, Idaho Code:

- (1) The definitions set forth in section 39-8402, Idaho Code, of the Idaho tobacco master settlement agreement complementary act, and in this section, apply to sections 39-8420 through 39-8425, Idaho Code.
- (2) "Cigarette rolling machine" means any machine or device that has the capability to produce at least one hundred fifty (150) cigarettes in less than thirty (30) minutes.
- (3) "Cigarette rolling machine operator" means any person who owns or leases or otherwise has available for use a cigarette rolling machine and makes such a machine available for use by another person in a commercial setting in order to manufacture a cigarette. No person shall be deemed a cigarette rolling machine operator based solely upon that person's manufacture, sale, enabling, disabling, or repair of a cigarette rolling machine.
- (4) "Minor" has the same meaning as that term is defined in section 39-5702(6), Idaho Code, of the Idaho prevention of minors' access to tobacco act.
- (5) "Person" means natural persons, corporations both foreign and domestic, trusts, partnerships both limited and general, incorporated or unincorporated associations, companies, business entities, and any other legal entity, or any other group associated in fact although not a legal entity.

(6) "Tobacco products" has the same meaning as that term is defined in section 39-5702(13), Idaho Code, of the Idaho prevention of minors' access to tobacco act means any substance that contains tobacco, including but not limited to cigarettes, cigars, pipes, snuff, smoking tobacco, tobacco papers, or smokeless tobacco.

SECTION 19. That Section 39-8423, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 39-8423. REQUIREMENTS FOR CERTIFICATION. (1) Before a cigarette rolling machine operator may be certified by the attorney general, the operator shall certify, under penalty of perjury, that:
  - (a) All tobacco to be used in the operator's cigarette rolling machine, regardless of the tobacco's label or description thereof, will only be of a brand family and of a tobacco product manufacturer listed on the directory maintained by the attorney general pursuant to section 39-8403, Idaho Code, of the Idaho tobacco master settlement agreement complementary act;
  - (b) All applicable state tobacco taxes have been paid, as required by the cigarette and tobacco products tax act, chapter 25, title 63, Idaho Code, for the tobacco to be used in the operator's cigarette rolling machine;
  - (c) The operator has obtained, and has a current permit issued, pursuant to section 39-5704, Idaho Code, of the Idaho prevention of minors' access to tobacco act;
  - (d) All cigarette tubes used in the operator's cigarette rolling machine shall be constructed of paper of a type determined by the attorney general, pursuant to regulations to be promulgated by the attorney general, to reduce the likely ignition propensity of cigarettes to be made with such tubes;
  - (e) (i) At any location where the operator has a cigarette rolling machine, seventy-five percent (75%) of the revenues of the operator's total merchandise sales at that location are comprised of tobacco products, or
    - (ii) The location where the cigarette rolling machine is situated prohibits minors from entering the premises;
  - (f) The operator will not sell cigarettes or make a cigarette rolling machine available for use, in any quantity less than twenty (20) cigarettes per transaction, except for samples prepared in connection with the purchase or prospective purchase of tobacco and consumed or destroyed at the premises where the cigarette rolling machine is located; and
  - (g) The operator will not accept or allow its cigarette rolling machine to be used to manufacture cigarettes with tobacco that was not first purchased or obtained from the operator and for which the operator will timely and properly report to the attorney general as set forth in subsection (2) of this section.
- (2) After being certified, the cigarette rolling machine operator shall annually certify, under penalty of perjury, to the provisions set forth in subsection (1) of this section. Additionally, the operator shall

quarterly report to the attorney general on a form prescribed by the attorney general:

- (a) The number of cigarettes that the operator's cigarette rolling machine manufactured during that quarter;
- (b) The brand families, the tobacco product manufacturer of each brand family, and the ounces of tobacco of each such brand family that were used in the operator's cigarette rolling machine to manufacture cigarettes during the quarter; and
- (c) The person or persons from whom the operator purchased or obtained the tobacco that the operator's machine used to manufacture cigarettes.
- (3) The cigarette rolling machine operator's annual certification shall be due to the attorney general no later than the thirtieth day of April each year.
- (4) All tobacco certified under subsection (1) (a) of this section shall be deemed to be "roll-your-own" tobacco for purposes of section 39-7802 (d), Idaho Code, of the Idaho tobacco master settlement agreement act.
- (5) A cigarette rolling machine operator shall not be required to comply with the provisions of section 39-8423(1)(d), Idaho Code, subsection (1)(d) of this section until the attorney general has promulgated rules implementing this subsection, pursuant to section 39-8425, Idaho Code, and the effective date provided for such rules has passed.

SECTION 20. That Section 39-8424, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 39-8424. VIOLATIONS -- ATTORNEY GENERAL AND DISTRICT COURT AUTHORITY -- REVOCATION OF CERTIFICATION. (1) Any person who violates any provision of this act, or any certification provided by the attorney general, is subject to the imposition of a civil penalty by the district court in the amount set forth in section 39-8406(1), Idaho Code. The attorney general and the district courts shall have the same authority in enforcing and carrying out the provisions of this section as is granted the attorney general and district courts under sections 39-8406 and 39-8407, Idaho Code, of the Idaho tobacco master settlement agreement complementary act.
- (2) In addition to the authority set forth in subsection (1) of this section:
  - (a) The district court shall have the authority to revoke the cigarette rolling machine operator's tobacco permit issued by the department of health and welfare, pursuant to the Idaho prevention of minors' access to tobacco act chapter 57, title 39, Idaho Code, for a period of at least three (3) months but up to one (1) year.
  - (b) (i) The attorney general may suspend or revoke a cigarette rolling machine operator's certification for violation of any provisions of this act or the operator's certification or any rule adopted by the attorney general pursuant to this act.
    - (ii) A determination by the attorney general to deny a certification application or to suspend or revoke a cigarette rolling machine operator's certification shall be subject to review in the manner prescribed by Idaho's administrative procedure act, chapter 52, title 67, Idaho Code. In instances where a certification is suspended or revoked, the cigarette rolling machine operator

 may not thereafter use or make the machine available for use and shall have ten (10) days after receiving actual notice that its certification has been suspended or revoked to remove the machine from the operator's commercial premises. If the operator fails to remove the cigarette rolling machine within this time period, the machine shall be deemed contraband and subject to seizure and forfeiture. During the period in which the operator's certification has been suspended or revoked, the operator may store the machine at a storage site  $\frac{1}{100}$ 000 as the machine is not used by or available to persons for use to manufacture cigarettes.

- (3) No person who manufactures a cigarette using a cigarette rolling machine shall sell or offer that cigarette for sale in this state. This prohibition shall not apply to any person holding a federal license as a cigarette manufacturer.
- (4) Unless expressly provided, the remedies or penalties provided by this act are cumulative to each other and to the remedies or penalties available under all other laws of this state.

SECTION 21. That Section 56-227F, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

56-227F. PUBLIC ASSISTANCE BENEFIT CARDS -- PROHIBITED USES. (1) Any recipient of public assistance is prohibited from using public assistance benefit cards or cash obtained with public assistance benefit cards:

- (a) For the purpose of participating in any of the activities described under chapters 38 and 49, title 18, Idaho Code, or authorized pursuant to any state-tribal gaming compact under section 67-429A, Idaho Code;
- (b) For the purpose of pari-mutuel betting authorized under chapter 25, title 54, Idaho Code;
- (c) To purchase lottery tickets or shares authorized under chapter 74, title 67, Idaho Code;
- (d) For the purpose of participating in or purchasing tattoo, branding or body piercing services as defined in section 18-1523, Idaho Code;
- (e) To purchase cigarettes as defined in section 39-7802(d), Idaho Code, or tobacco products or electronic smoking devices as defined in section 39-5702(13), Idaho Code;
- (f) To purchase any items regulated under title 23, Idaho Code;
- (g) For the purpose of adult entertainment at venues with performances that contain sexually oriented material where minors under the age of eighteen (18) years are prohibited; or
- (h) For the purpose of purchasing or participating in any activities in any location listed in subsection (2) of this section.
- (2) The following businesses are required to comply with the provisions of this section:
  - (a) Any establishment or business licensed under chapter 9, title 23, Idaho Code;
  - (b) State liquor stores defined under section 23-902, Idaho Code, with the exception of special distributors as referenced in chapter 3, title 23, Idaho Code;
  - (c) Any business or agency that issues or underwrites bail bonds as defined in section 41-1038(3), Idaho Code;

(d) Gambling establishments licensed under Idaho law;

- (e) Any business or establishment that offers tattoo, body piercing or branding services as defined in section 18-1523, Idaho Code;
- (f) Adult entertainment venues with performances that contain sexually oriented material where minors under the age of eighteen (18) <u>years</u> are prohibited; and
- (g) Any establishment where persons under the age of eighteen (18) years are not permitted.
- (3) The department shall notify any business determined to be in violation of the provisions of subsection (2) of this section and the licensing authority of any such business, if applicable, that such business has continued to allow the use of a public assistance benefit card in violation of subsection (2) of this section. The department may require the Idaho quest electronic benefits transfer (EBT) card business identification number (BIN) be disabled at any business found to be in violation of subsection (2) of this section. Any business in violation of subsection (2) of this section may also be required to deny all public assistance cash transactions made with an Idaho quest EBT card at any automated teller machine (ATM) located in their establishment. All costs associated with disabling the BIN and ATM will be the responsibility of such business owner.
- (4) Only the recipient, an eligible member of the recipient's household or the recipient's authorized representative may use a public assistance benefit card or the benefit, and such use shall only be for the respective benefit program purposes. The recipient shall not sell, attempt to sell, exchange or donate a public assistance benefit card or any benefits to any other person or entity.
- (5) A violation of subsection (1) or (4) of this section by a recipient constitutes a misdemeanor.
  - (a) The department shall notify all recipients of public assistance benefit cards that any violation of subsection (1) or (4) of this section could result in legal proceedings and forfeiture of all cash public assistance.
  - (b) Whenever the department has confirmed that a person has violated subsection (1) or (4) of this section, the department shall notify the person in writing that the violation could result in legal proceedings and forfeiture of all cash public assistance.
- (6) As used in this section, "public assistance" or "public assistance benefit" means benefits provided to a recipient pursuant to the temporary assistance for families in Idaho (TAFI) program on an Idaho quest EBT card account.
- (7) This section shall be enforced by the director of the department of health and welfare in cooperation with local law enforcement and prosecuting agencies.